Executive Summary:

Update on <u>Year One</u> of the Mathematics Curriculum Review Lexington Public Schools June 12, 2007

"The Process"

- The Committee
- Meetings
- Goals for Year One
- Study Groups
 - 1. Review of Current Mathematics Literature/Research
 - 2. Analysis of Lexington Student Performance and Local Data
 - 3. Review of Local K-12 Curriculum Alignment & Implementation

Research & Literature

The learning of Mathematics has changed considerably for today's students compared to those of a generation ago.

• NCTM – 1989

- 6 principles
- 5 content standards
- 5 process standards
- Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks- 1992

NCTM Principles

• <u>Equity</u>

- High Expectations and Strong Support for ALL students
- <u>Curriculum</u>
 - Coherent & Well-Articulated Across the Grades
- <u>Teaching</u>
 - Understanding what students know and need to learn
- <u>Learning</u>
 - Students building new knowledge from experience and prior knowledge
- <u>Assessment</u>
 - Supports learning and furnishes information to both teachers & students
- <u>Technology</u>
 - Essential piece influencing teaching & learning

NCTM Standards

• <u>CONTENT</u>

- Numbers & Operations
- Algebra
- Geometry
- Measurement
- Data Analysis & Probability

PROCESS

- Problem Solving
- Reasoning & Proof
- Communications
- Connections
- Representation

Statement of Purpose

- Philosophical Framework
 - Essential Mathematics' Learning
 - Understanding and Depth
 - High Quality Standards
 - Achievement & Success for All
 - Varied Learning Styles
 - Lifelong Applications: the "power and beauty of mathematics in our daily lives"



"The Math Wars" The Controversy

- The vision prompted by the NCTM has influenced widespread changes in mathematics education
- Some parts have been controversial
- Some critics feel that the traditional development of calculation skills has been compromised
- NCTM insists it has always supported basic skills development, but that these skills should be developed with understanding

Mathematics Research Council (2001): *"Adding It Up: Helping Children Learn Mathematics"*

There are 5 elements essential to proficiency:

- Conceptual Understanding
- Procedural Fluency
- Strategic Competence
- Adaptive reasoning
- Productive Disposition

Mathematics Curricular Focal Points, PreK-8 (2006): *"A Quest for Coherence"*

- An effort to standardize the "big ideas" for specific grade levels
- Not specific enough to guide daily instruction
- An outline for states and local districts of the 3 most significant math concepts at each grade level

Mathematics textbooks

• Wide variety of opinions, but relatively few rigorous studies of the question

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 The federal, *What Works Clearinghouse* reviewed 4 textbook series that form about 50% of the elementary textbook market found that only <u>one</u> <u>series</u>, *Everyday Mathematics* (EDM) had researched based evidence of positive effects on student learning

(Education Week 1/24/07)

Areas of Strength (K-5)

• Overall alignment with the State Frameworks

- Some difference of opinion at K-2 about the developmental appropriateness of some of the state benchmarks; these are resolved by grade 3
- Expectations of the district are consistently more ambitious than those outlined by the state
- MCAS results indicate strong performance in all grades tested
- Lexington's Grade 5 MCAS (2006) was #1 in the State

Areas of Strength (6-8)

- Full alignment with the Frameworks in:
 - -Number Sense & Operations
 - Data Analysis, Statistics, & Probability
 - -Measurement
 - -Geometry

Areas of Strength (9-12)

- Core curriculum is aligned with the Frameworks at grades 9-10 for all but one learning standard (vertex edge graphs)
 - 77% of LHS students achieved at the *Advanced* Level; 11% at the *Proficient* Level (MCAS 2006)
 - Core curriculum (11-12) is aligned with the Frameworks for all but two learning standards (use of vectors to solve problems; survey designs and random sampling techniques to avoid bias in data collection)

Areas of Strength (9-12) continued

- Core topics are spiraled throughout the 4 year program so as to develop mastery by the end of HS
- Substantive 4 year college prep sequence enables students to continue academic studies in mathematics, science, and/or mathematics related fields
- Department strives for consistent coverage of core topics across <u>all</u> sections of the same course
- 95% commonality across sections in final exams

Other Notable Information

- Our Middle School and High School Math Teams have done extraordinarily well in regional, state, and national competitions
 - Individuals students have received exceptional recognition for mathematical successes
 - The details of these awards are listed in Appendix #4 of your executive summary

Areas in Need of Improvement K-12

• Adjustment of identified misalignments

- Formal presentation of a clearly articulated and comprehensive K-12 mathematics Program
- Increased integration of mathematical topics as secondary students often experience a "disconnect" across the various branches due to an "artificial" separation of subject-specific courses
- Meeting Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) for <u>all</u> sub-groups

Areas in Need of Improvement K-12 *continued*

• Clearer definition of time to be allotted to mathematics instruction (K-5)

- Increased opportunities for sharing: cross-grade; same-grade; cross-school to promote overall understanding of a comprehensive and articulated program
- Regular meetings for teachers at transition grades (5-6; 8-9)
- Increased regular education and special education collaboration to address areas of mutual concern in mathematics instruction

Areas in Need of Improvement K-12 continued

• Increased Professional Development and Teacher Training to address:

- Varied learning needs for struggling and high performing students
- More training regarding specific curricular & instructional accommodations for ELL, 504, IEPs, and other identified sub groups
- Expanded opportunities for teachers (regular & special education) to deepen their understanding and competency in mathematics content

"Next Steps" Years 2 and 3

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- Creation of a clearly articulated and comprehensive K-12 document
 - K-5 (summer of 2007)
 - 6-12 (fall 2007 spring 2008)
- Hiring of 2 Mathematics Intervention specialists at the middle schools to support the learning of "at risk" students
- Review of various textbook publications and material resources for possible "pilots" in Year 2

"Next Steps" continued

- Increased departmental meeting opportunities to address the need for more sharing, collaboration, and training
- Formation of sub-committees (study groups) to explore the particular needs of special student populations
- Recommendation of "time" allotment for mathematics instruction at K-5

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• All other items will be addressed throughout Years 2 & 3

